

Scuba Diver – Module 3 – Version 2

1. What is the most common interval for a medical examination to verify fitness for diving?

- a) 6 months.
- b) 1 year.
- c) 2 years.
- d) Medical examinations for fitness for diving do not serve any purpose.

2. If your level of stress for a dive is too high:

- a) It may affect your ability to perform the duties required of you.
- b) You should not worry, because extreme stress is normal for divers.
- c) You should avoid telling anybody because you will find it hard to find somebody to dive with you after such an incident.
- d) None of the above.

3. If a Scuba Diver wants to dive with other certified divers and become independent of professional guidance, further training is needed. The additional skills and the necessary knowledge are part of an Open Water Scuba Diver training program.

- a) True
- b) False

4. Objects underwater appear:

- a) Further away and smaller than they actually are.
- b) Closer and larger than they actually are.
- c) Closer and smaller than they actually are.
- d) Further away and larger than they actually are.

5. If you feel your respiratory demands increasing, you should stop all movement, hold on to something or your buddy and allow ample time to catch your breath.

- a) True
- b) False

6. Divers always start a dive against the current.

- a) True
- b) False

7. When you lose contact with your buddy or group:

- a) You should search underwater, but should ascend when you reach the reserve of your air supply.
- b) You should search underwater no longer than 1 minute and then surface to re-establish contact.
- c) You should search underwater for at least 1 minute and then surface to re-establish contact.
- d) None of the above.

8. What is the meaning of this hand signal?

- a) That way.
- b) Danger.
- c) You lead, I follow.
- d) Look at that.



9. What is the meaning of this hand signal?

- a) I have ear problems.
- b) Are you crazy?
- c) Remember . . .
- d) None of the above.



10. In order to avoid damage to the underwater world you should (check all correct answers):

- a) Maintain neutral buoyancy.
- b) Not touch underwater life.
- c) If you need to position yourself on the bottom, look for a spot with only sand.
- d) Not collect souvenirs during a dive.